

## [7D] Squares of Binomials

Multiply.

$$\textcircled{1} \quad (x+3)^2 = \overbrace{(x+3)(x+3)}^{\boxed{x^2 + 6x + 9}}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad (x-6)^2 = \overbrace{(x-6)(x-6)}^{\boxed{x^2 - 12x + 36}}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad (5x+3)^2 = \overbrace{(5x+3)(5x+3)}^{\boxed{25x^2 + 30x + 9}}$$

Factor Perfect Square Trinomials

$$\textcircled{4} \quad x^2 - 8x + 16 \xrightarrow{\text{Always addition}} (x-4)(x-4) \text{ or } (x-4)^2$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad 9x^2 - 6x + 1 \xrightarrow{} (3x-1)(3x-1) \text{ or } (3x-1)^2$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad 49x^2 - 28x + 4 \xrightarrow{} (7x-2)(7x-2) \text{ or } (7x-2)^2$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad 9x^2 + 30x + 100 \xrightarrow{\text{prime}} \text{Not Factorable}$$

$$\textcircled{8} \quad 8x^2 + 8x + 2 \xrightarrow{2(4x^2 + 4x + 1)} 2(2x+1)(2x+1) \text{ or } 2(2x+1)^2$$

NAME \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

**7D Squares of Binomials****Perfect Square Trinomial****Objective:** To find squares of binomials and to factor perfect square trinomials.**Vocabulary****Square of a Binomial**

$$(a + b)^2 = a^2 + ab + ab + b^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$$

$$(a - b)^2 = a^2 - ab - ab + b^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$$

**Perfect Square Trinomial**

$$a^2 + 2ab + b^2 = (a + b)^2$$

$$a^2 - 2ab + b^2 = (a - b)^2$$

**Example 1** Write each square as a trinomial.

a.  $(x + 4)^2$     b.  $(5u - 2)^2$     c.  $(2x + 3y)^2$     d.  $(5a^2 - 4b^2)^2$

**Solution** Use the patterns for the square of a binomial.

a.  $(x + 4)^2 = x^2 + 2(x \cdot 4) + 4^2$       Pattern:  $(a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$   
 $= x^2 + 8x + 16$

b.  $(5u - 2)^2 = (5u)^2 - 2(5u \cdot 2) + 2^2$       Pattern:  $(a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$   
 $= 25u^2 - 20u + 4$

c.  $(2x + 3y)^2 = (2x)^2 + 2(2x \cdot 3y) + (3y)^2$       Pattern:  $(a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$   
 $= 4x^2 + 12xy + 9y^2$

d.  $(5a^2 - 4b^2)^2 = (5a^2)^2 - 2(5a^2 \cdot 4b^2) + (4b^2)^2$       Pattern:  
 $= 25a^4 - 40a^2b^2 + 16b^4$        $(a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$

**Write each square as a trinomial**

1.  $(x + 3)^2$

**Evens**

3.  $(a - 4)^2$

2.  $(y - 2)^2$

5.  $(3u - 1)^2$

4.  $(n + 5)^2$

7.  $(3y + 4)^2$

6.  $(5c - 1)^2$

9.  $(5k - 2)^2$

8.  $(4k + 5)^2$

11.  $(3p + 5q)^2$

10.  $(ab - 3)^2$

13.  $(3y - 5)^2$

12.  $(4x - 3y)^2$

15.  $(2x + y)^2$

14.  $(5a - 7b)^2$

17.  $(ef - 7)^2$

16.  $(x^2 + 5)^2$

19.  $(2ab - c)^2$

18.  $(pq - 3)^2$

21.  $(-4 + 3f)^2$

20.  $(-3ab + b^2)^2$

23.  $(5p^3 - 6)^2$

22.  $(-11u + v^2)^2$

24.  $(-9t^2 - 2)^2$

## 7D Squares of Binomials (continued)

**Example 2** Decide whether each trinomial is a perfect square. If it is, factor it.

a.  $4x^2 - 12x + 9$     b.  $16u^2 + 20uv + 25v^2$

**Solution** a.  $4x^2 - 12x + 9$

1. Is the first term a square? Yes;  $4x^2 = (2x)^2$
2. Is the last term a square? Yes;  $9 = (3)^2$
3. Is the middle term, neglecting the sign, twice the product of  $2x$  and  $3$ ? Yes;  $12x = 2(2x \cdot 3)$

Since the answers to Questions 1–3 are all Yes,

$4x^2 - 12x + 9$  is a perfect square.

Use the pattern  $a^2 - 2ab + b^2 = (a - b)^2$ :  
 $4x^2 - 12x + 9 = (2x - 3)^2$ .

b.  $16u^2 + 20uv + 25v^2$

1. Is the first term a square? Yes;  $16u^2 = (4u)^2$
2. Is the last term a square? Yes;  $25v^2 = (5v)^2$
3. Is the middle term, neglecting the sign, twice the product of  $4u$  and  $5v$ ? No;  $20uv \neq 2(4u \cdot 5v)$

Since the answer to Question 3 is No,

$16u^2 + 20uv + 25v^2$  is not a perfect square.

Decide whether each trinomial is a perfect square. If it is, factor it.

If it is not, write *not a perfect square*. (Primes)

25.  $n^2 - 4n + 4$

26.  $k^2 + 10k + 25$

27.  $a^2 - 6a + 9$

28.  $y^2 - 8y + 16$

29.  $a^2 - 4a + 16$

30.  $81 + 18y + y^2$

31.  $9x^2 - 12x + 4$

32.  $16k^2 - 40k + 25$

33.  $9y^2 + 48y + 64$

34.  $9 + 6y + 4y^2$

35.  $25x^2 + 80xy + 64y^2$

36.  $4c^2 - 12c + 9$

37.  $9n^2 - 24n + 16$

38.  $81 - 36k + 4k^2$

39.  $81k^2 + 180k + 100$

40.  $49a^2 - 42ab + 9b^2$

41.  $4m^2 - 36mn + 81n^2$

42.  $16x^2 - 24xy + 9y^2$

### Mixed Review Exercises

Evaluate if  $x = 3$  and  $y = 2$ .

1.  $x + y + (-6)$

2.  $x - |5 - y|$

3.  $6 + x^2y$

4.  $(3 + xy)^2$

5.  $(x^3)(-y)^3$

6.  $(x^2y^2)^2$

7-12 Simplify.

7.  $(2x + 5)(2x - 5)$

8.  $(x - 6)(x + 2)$

9.  $(6 - 2)^3$

10.  $4 - 2^3$

11.  $\frac{(a^4)^3}{(a^2)^4}$

12.  $\frac{(3xy)^2}{9xy}$